Recent Regulatory and Market Developments for RES-E in Russia

Hamburg, 25.10.2013





- (1) first pricing market zone
- (2) second pricing market zone

Not numbered and marked with other colors - non-pricing market zones: West Siberia, Far East, Kaliningrad and Archangelsk regions, Komi Republic.



RES Support Measures in the UES

	Support measures	Key element	Features of the support measures
1	III THE WINDLESAIE CHEIOV \		 Competitive selection of the RES-E projects; Additional RES-E support load will be proportionally spread across all the consumers in the pricing zones of the WEM; Transparent financial conditions of the support; Attractive for investors; Financial control of the accepted obligations of the selected investors
2	Retail Energy Market Generation facilities < 25MW	Grid companies obligation to pur- chase RES-E for loses compensation based on regulated tariffs	 Additional RES-E support load will be proportionally spread across all the consumers in the region, connected to the same grid An opportunity to additionally motivate grid companies to decrease network losses Easy to implement legally
3	Isolated Energy Zones and non-pricing zones of the WEM	Set of dedicated measures	 Long-term tariffs setting for purchasing RES-E from the generators along the payback period. Extending of the energy efficiency support measures to the RES projects.

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Innovation by experience



• Including RES projects into the Federal Programs.

Renewable Development in the Pricing Zones of the Energy Market

Support system in the pricing zones of the WEM has to provide such a development that would create a market large enough to stimulate local equipment manufacturing in the country

- ► Competitive selection of the RES-E projects with a Capex cap which has to provide socially acceptable and economically viable limits of the energy price growth for the end-consumers based on the competitive selection of the RES-E projects to support
- ► Higher support level for the RES-E projects with the higher local content indicators confirmed
- Support will be provided only to the newly developed RES-E projects
- Easy-to-go type of support mechanism considering the existing market rules and regulation as well as hardware and software platforms at the market.



Recommended RES-E New Generation Volumes, MW/year

RES Technologies	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Total
Wind farms	0	100	250	250	500	750	750	1 000	3 600
Small Hydro	0	17	26	124	124	141	159	159	750
Solar PV	0	120	140	200	250	270	270	270	1 520
Total:	0	237	417	574	874	1 161	1 179	1 429	5 870

- These volumes were proposed for an open tender after the Governmental Decree #449
- First tender was held in August-September 2013
- The pre-selection for the tender is provided based on:
 - ▶ The bidder is a member of the WEM trading system
 - ▶ The bidder is a member of the Market Council
 - ▶ The bidder has registered (based on a special procedure) a conditional Group of Supply Points for the future RES-E facility
- Tendering is going around a full Capex indicators (incl. grid connection costs), proposed by the pretending investors, but not higher then the announced Capex cap
- The bidders can apply for four years ahead but the volumes can not be switched between technologies and years
- The generation volume will encounter by 2020 ~2% of the energy balance and 1.7-2% of the end consumer price.



Yearly Structure Of The Tenders

Selection year	Comissioning years							
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
2014	X	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
2015	X	X	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
2016	X	X	X	2017	2018	2019	2020	

Results Of The 2013 Tender

Selection year	Comissioning years						
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Wind farms	0/100*	15/250	90/250	0/500			
Small Hydro	0/17	0/26	0/124	0/124			
Solar PV	35/120	115/140	149/200	100/250			
Total:	35/237	130/416	239/574	100/874			



^{*0/100 -} selected (0) at the tender out of the total annual volume (100) in this year

Major Conclusions on the 2013 Tender

- We can announce a birth of a new industry that will appear in Russia: solar PV
- Small HPPs tender is a total disaster.
- In wind the volume «selected» is only105MW out of 1100MW without any competition
- Main reasons:
 - High level of the local content requirements for wind from the very beginning
 - Proposed in a rush a system of financial guaranties was not very effective
 - •For small HPPs longer then expected time to prepare the projects



Genesis of the Local Content Indicators

Wind industry "suffered" the most

RES-E technologies	Comissioning year	(1) Local content	(2) Local content	(3) Local content	New proposal
	2014	0%	20%	35%	20%
	2015	0%	20%	55%	20%
Wind forms	2016	20%	35%	65%	35%
Wind farms	2017	35%	45%	65%	45%
	2018	45%	55%	65%	45%
	2019-2020	45%	55%	65%	65% X
Solar PV	2014-2015	50%	-	50%	50%
	2016-2020	70%	-	70%	70%
	2014-2015	20%	-	20%	20%
Small HPPs	2016-2017	45%	-	45%	45%
	2018-2020	65%	-	65%	65%







- Retail market regulation for RES-E support
- Isolated and non-pricing zone regulation for RES
- Change in local content requirements for the wind energy equipment
- Development of biomass and biogas WtE plants support
- Development of RES-E generators grid connection rules as well as their dispatch in the system
- Type-approval and certification of the RES-E equipment in Russia both locally produce and imported
- Analysis of the first results achieved and the assessment of the future development plans in the country





Thank you for your attention!

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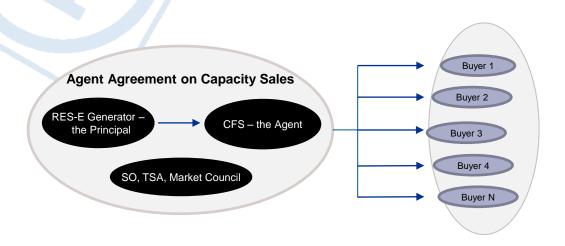




Attachments



Legal Scheme of the Transactions



- ▶ RES-E generator signs an agent's type of agreement with the Center for Financial Settlements (CFS part of the market infrastructure);
- ► CFS on behalf of the Generator signs Capacity Delivery agreements with all the buyers in the WEM;
- ► The other parties of the Agreements are: System Operator, Trading System Administrator, Market Council.

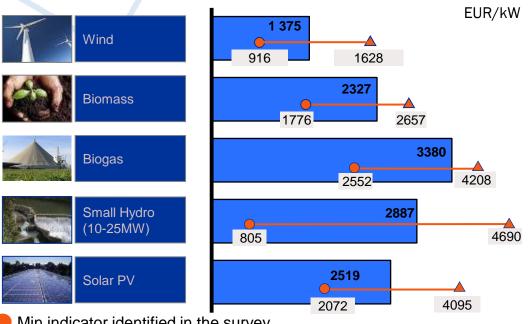
- Subject of the Agreement: sales of a capacity from RES-E generators
- The volume of the capacity delivered is calculated by the TSA and is spread among all the market participants
- Capacity delivery period is defined in the agreement based on the decision of the Government 10 (?) years
- Penalties: as set by the agreement, incl. late delivery (over 12 months), non-delivery (total or a part of), noncompliance with the LC requirement, etc.
- Monthly capacity payment will compensate only part of the overall cost, the rest has to be covered by the revenue from the energy market
- WACC considered was 14%, if the Russian bonds yield deviates from 8.5% than re-calculation is possible

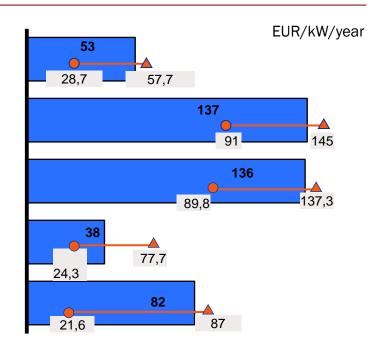
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"Typical" Cost Indicators Per Technology Considered

Recommended typical Capex cost, EUR/kW/ in 2012 prices

Recommended typical Opex cost, EUR/kW/year in 2012 prices





- Min indicator identified in the survey
- Max indicator identified in the survey
 - Cost indicators are considering international experience and localized cost elements.
 - Recommended costs are considering Russian structure of the cost, climate and seismic conditions (average only)
 - The Capex cost cap will include grid connection cost (?)
 - The Capex cost cap is supposed to be +15%, e.g. €1581 per kW for wind not including grid connection cost (TBD)
 - The consequent cost caps will consider: learning curve influence, yearly inflation, previous results of the tenders

